1 STEVEN A. GIBSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6656 2 sgibson@gibsonlowry.com JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 7798 jdlowry@gibsonlowry.com 4 GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS LLP 5 City Center West 7201 West Lake Mead Boulevard 6 Suite 503 7 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Telephone 702.541.7888 Facsimile 702.541.7899 8 9 Attorneys for Plaintiff 10 Stephens Media LLC 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA** 13 14 STEPHENS MEDIA LLC, a Nevada limited-Case No.: 2:09-cv-2403 15 liability company, **COMPLAINT and DEMAND FOR JURY** 16 **TRIAL** Plaintiff, 17 18 GAULT MILLAU INC., a California 19 corporation, 20 Defendant. 21 22 23 Stephens Media LLC ("Stephens") complains as follows against Gault Millau Inc., a California corporation ("GMI"), on information and belief: 24 25 26 27 28

NATURE OF ACTION

1. This is an action for mark infringement under Section 32 of the Lanham Trademark Act of 1946 ("Lanham Act") (15 U.S.C. §1114), false designation of origin under Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)), mark dilution under Section 43(c) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(c)), mark infringement under Nevada common law, mark dilution under Nevada Revised Statutes 600.435, misappropriation of licensable commercial properties under Nevada common law, and unjust enrichment, all arising from GMI's unauthorized use of the mark BEST OF LAS VEGAS (the "Infringing Mark"). As a result of the unlawful actions set forth herein, Stephens seeks injunctive relief and the recovery of actual damages, statutory damages, treble damages, special damages, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and/or such other relief as the Court may deem appropriate.

PARTIES

- 2. Stephens is, and has been at all times relevant to this lawsuit, a Nevada limited-liability company with its principal place of business in Nevada.
- 3. Stephens is, and has been at all times relevant to this lawsuit, in good standing with the Secretary of State of Nevada.
- 4. GMI is, and has been at all times relevant to this lawsuit, a California corporation with its principal place of business in California.

JURISDICTION

- 5. This Court has original jurisdiction over Stephens' First, Second, and Third Causes of Action pursuant to §39 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1121) because Stephens' First, Second, and Third Causes of Action arise under the Lanham Act.
- 6. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Stephens' Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Causes of Action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367 because Stephens' Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Action are so related to Stephens' First, Second, and Third Causes of Action that Stephens' Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Causes of Action form part of the same case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

7. Personal jurisdiction over GMI is proper because GMI has purposefully directed GMI's activities at residents of the state of Nevada, specifically by using the Infringing Mark, which references goods and services available in the state of Nevada, which activities have resulted in the injuries to Stephens alleged herein.

VENUE

- 8. This action is appropriately venued in the District of Nevada, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), because a substantial part of the events that give rise to Stephens' causes of action set forth herein took place in the District of Nevada, in that GMI directed GMI's World Wide Web content headed by and labeled with the Infringing Mark to consumers in the District of Nevada, and consumers in the District of Nevada are thus likely to be confused with respect to the source of GMI's services.
- 9. This action is appropriately venued in the District of Nevada, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(c), because GMI is subject to personal jurisdiction in the District of Nevada.

FACTS

- 10. Stephens is the assignee of certain trademarks and service marks registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the "USPTO") as follows (collectively, the "Stephens Marks"):
 - a. THE BEST OF LAS VEGAS and Design, Registration Number 2410131, International Class 16, with respect to a section of a newspaper featuring consumer preferences and recommendations regarding people, places, goods, services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation in the Las Vegas area, first used in commerce with respect to such scope of use on or about March 24, 1996 and registered with the USPTO on December 5, 2000;
 - THE BEST OF LAS VEGAS and Design, Registration Number 2519098, b. International Class 16, with respect to newspaper articles, periodicals, and pamphlets featuring general information about people, places, goods,

27

28

services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation, and also with respect to paper award certificates, first used in commerce with respect to such scope of use on or about March 24, 1996 and registered with the USPTO on December 18, 2001;

- BEST OF LAS VEGAS, Registration Number 2572556, International c. Class 16, with respect to newspaper articles, periodicals, and pamphlets featuring general information about people, places, goods, services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation, and also with respect to paper award certificates, first used in commerce with respect to such scope of use on or about February 12, 1984 and registered with the USPTO on May 28, 2002;
- d. BEST OF LAS VEGAS, Registration Number 2410129, International Class 35, with respect to promoting the sale of goods and services of others by conducting and disseminating business surveys featuring consumer preferences and recommendations regarding people, places, goods, services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation in the Las Vegas area, first used in commerce with respect to such scope of use on or about February 12, 1984 and registered with the USPTO on December 5, 2000; and
- e. BEST OF LAS VEGAS, Registration Number 2410130, International Class 42, with respect to providing a web site featuring business and consumer preferences and recommendations regarding people, places, goods, services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation in the Las Vegas area, first used in commerce with respect to such scope of use on or about October 31, 1997 and registered with the USPTO on December 5, 2000.
- 11. Stephens publishes the Las Vegas Review-Journal (the "R-J"), the newspaper with the largest general daily circulation in the Las Vegas area and in the state of Nevada.

- 12. Annually, Stephens, by and through the *R-J*, publishes newspaper articles and content (the "Newspaper Content") regarding, and provides a website (the "Website") featuring, people, places, goods, services, restaurants, entertainment, arts, sports, and recreation in the Las Vegas area under the Stephens Marks, on the basis of responses to a business survey conducted and disseminated by Stephens (the "Survey").
- 13. The Stephens Marks have been in continuous use since 1984 in the Las Vegas area in connection with the Survey, the Newspaper Content, and the Website.
- 14. By virtue of Stephens' long-standing, extensively advertised use of the Stephens Marks in the Las Vegas area, the Stephens Marks have gained secondary meaning primarily denoting Stephens, by and through the *R-J*, as the Stephens Marks' source of origin.
- 15. Stephens' exclusive right to use the Stephens Marks with respect to the scopes of goods and services identified in the Stephens Marks' registrations is incontestable.
- 16. GMI maintains a site on the World Wide Web, www.gayot.com ("GMI's Website"), described thereon by GMI as "the guide to the good life," providing, in GMI's words, "restaurant, hotel, travel & other witty reviews."
- 17. On GMI's Website appears at least one webpage with a title bar identifying that page as "The Best of Las Vegas Top Restaurants Hotels Travel Guide LAS VEGAS Area Gayot" (the "Infringing Title Bar"), which title bar contains the mark THE BEST OF LAS VEGAS (the "Infringing Mark").
- 18. On at least one webpage headed by the Infringing Title Bar appear further references to the Infringing Mark and links to reviews of Las Vegas-area hotels, restaurants, live entertainment shows, and other attractions.
- 19. GMI is not affiliated with Stephens or any subsidiary of Stephens, and Stephens has not authorized GMI to use in any manner the Stephens Marks or any variants thereof, including, but not limited to, the Infringing Mark.
- 20. GMI uses the Infringing Mark in interstate commerce in connection with GMI's services, specifically, on GMI's Website.

 21. Consumers and the public will improperly conclude that Stephens sponsors and/or is affiliated with GMI as a result of such consumers and the public observing the Infringing Mark on GMI's Website.

22. The goodwill inuring to Stephens from the Stephens Marks is tarnished by any implication of apparent affiliation between Stephens and GMI as a result of GMI's use of the Infringing Mark on GMI's Website.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

MARK INFRINGEMENT UNDER THE LANHAM ACT, 15 U.S.C. §1114(1)(a)

- 23. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 22 above.
- 24. GMI is using and has used the Stephens Marks in commerce in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, and advertising of services, with knowledge that GMI's use of the Stephens Marks in commerce constitutes the use of a counterfeit mark or designation (the "Infringing Use").
- 25. The Infringing Use is likely to cause confusion, cause mistake, or deceive consumers and the public with respect to the services offered in commerce by GMI.
- 26. GMI has willfully engaged in the Infringing Use with knowledge that the Infringing Use constitutes an infringement of the Stephens Marks.
- 27. The Infringing Use has damaged and will continue to damage the reputation and goodwill of Stephens established in connection with the Stephens Marks, in violation of §32 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1114).
- 28. Stephens has sustained actual damages as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those actual damages pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).
- 29. GMI has profited as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those profits pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).

- 30. GMI is liable to Stephens for three times Stephens' actual damages or GMI's profits resulting from the Infringing Use, whichever is greater, plus prejudgment interest on such amount; or, in the alternative, to statutory damages not exceeding \$2,000,000 per type of services sold, offered for sale, or distributed by GMI under the Infringing Mark, pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117) as amended by the Prioritizing Resources and Organization for Intellectual Property Act of 2008.
- 31. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 32. Unless GMI is preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, Stephens will be irreparably harmed, and Stephens is thus entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, pursuant to §34 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1116).
- 33. Stephens has been required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for Stephens' attorney fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action, pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).
- 34. Stephens has incurred costs of suit in connection with bringing this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for those costs of suit pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN UNDER THE LANHAM ACT, 15 U.S.C. §1125(a)

- 35. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 34 above.
- 36. The Infringing Use constitutes a false designation of origin and a false description and representation of GMI's services, which has damaged and will continue to damage the reputation and goodwill of Stephens established in connection with the Stephens Marks, in violation of §43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)).

se and subject to extensive marke

- 37. Stephens has sustained actual damages as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those actual damages pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).
- 38. GMI has profited as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those profits pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).
- 39. GMI is liable to Stephens for up to three times Stephens' actual damages, plus GMI's profits, resulting from the Infringing Use.
- 40. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 41. Unless GMI is preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, Stephens will continue to be irreparably harmed, and Stephens is thus entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, pursuant to §34 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1116).
- 42. Stephens has been required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for Stephens' attorney fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action, pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).
- 43. Stephens has incurred costs of suit in connection with bringing this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for those costs of suit pursuant to §35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1117).

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

MARK DILUTION UNDER THE LANHAM ACT, 15 U.S.C. §1125(c)

- 44. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 43 above.
- 45. During the over 25 years in which the Stephens Marks have been in continuous use and subject to extensive marketing, the Stephens Marks have acquired a high level of

distinctiveness and fame in connection with Stephens' provision of goods and services under the Stephens Marks.

- 46. The Stephens Marks were famous when GMI began using the Infringing Mark in interstate commerce.
- 47. GMI's use of the Infringing Mark, which is identical or nearly identical to the Stephens Marks, causes dilution of the distinctive quality of the Stephens Marks, and such dilution has damaged and will continue to damage the reputation and goodwill of Stephens established in connection with the Stephens Marks, in violation of §43(c) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(c)).
- 48. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 49. Unless GMI is preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, Stephens will be irreparably harmed, and Stephens is thus entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, pursuant to §34 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1116).

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

MARK INFRINGEMENT UNDER NEVADA COMMON LAW

- 50. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 49 above.
- 51. The Infringing Use is likely to cause confusion, cause mistake, or deceive consumers and the public with respect to the services offered in commerce by GMI, in violation of the common law of the State of Nevada.
- 52. The Infringing Use has damaged and will continue to damage the reputation and goodwill of Stephens established in connection with the Mark.
- 53. Stephens has sustained actual damages as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those actual damages.

- 54. GMI has profited as a direct and proximate result of the Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those profits.
- 55. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 56. Unless GMI is preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further infringement by Defendants of the Stephens Marks, Stephens will be irreparably harmed, and Stephens is thus entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks.
- 57. Stephens has been required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for Stephens' attorney fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action.
- 58. Stephens has incurred costs of suit in connection with bringing this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for those costs of suit.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

MARK DILUTION UNDER NRS 600.435

- 59. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 58 above.
- 60. During the over 25 years in which the Stephens Marks have been in continuous use and subject to extensive marketing, the Stephens Marks have acquired a high level of distinctiveness and fame in connection with Stephens' provision of goods and services under the Stephens Marks.
- 61. The Stephens Marks were famous when GMI began using the Infringing Mark in interstate commerce.
- 62. GMI's wrongful use of the Infringing Mark was willful, and GMI willfully intended to trade on the recognition of the Stephens Marks when GMI commenced use of the Infringing Mark.
 - 63. GMI commenced GMI's use of the Infringing Mark after December 5, 2000.

	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
2	
2	8

- 64. GMI's use of the Infringing Mark, which is identical or nearly identical to the Stephens Marks, causes dilution of the capacity of the Stephens Marks to identify and distinguish goods and services, and such dilution has damaged and will continue to damage the reputation and goodwill of Stephens established in connection with the Stephens Marks, in violation of NRS 600.435.
- 65. GMI has profited as a direct and proximate result of GMI's willful Infringing Use, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those profits, pursuant to NRS 600.435(3).
- 66. GMI is liable to Stephens for up to three times Stephens' actual damages, plus GMI's profits, resulting from the Infringing Use, pursuant to NRS 600.435(3).
- 67. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 68. Unless GMI is preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, Stephens will be irreparably harmed, and Stephens is thus entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further infringement by GMI of the Stephens Marks, pursuant to NRS 600.435(3).
- 69. Stephens has been required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for Stephens' attorney fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action, pursuant to NRS 600.435(3).
- 70. Stephens has incurred costs of suit in connection with bringing this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for those costs of suit pursuant to NRS 600.435(3).

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

MISAPPROPRIATION OF LICENSABLE COMMERCIAL PROPERTY UNDER NEVADA COMMON LAW

- 71. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 70 above.
- 72. Stephens has invested significant time, effort, and money in creating, publicizing, and protecting the Stephens Marks and developing the valuable goodwill arising from and associated with the Stephens Marks (collectively the "Commercial Property").
- 73. Stephens has licensed and continues to license the Commercial Property in return for value.
 - 74. The Infringing Mark is a commercial property that may be licensed for value.
- 75. GMI does not have and has never had the legal right, authority, or license to use the Infringing Mark.
- 76. GMI's wrongful use of the Infringing Mark, undertaken without authority from Stephens, deprived Stephens of the commercial value of the Infringing Mark.
- 77. Stephens has sustained and will continue to sustain damages as a direct and proximate result of GMI's misappropriation of Stephens' licensable Commercial Property, and GMI is liable to Stephens for the amount of those present and future damages.
- 78. GMI's acts as alleged herein, and the ongoing direct results of those acts, have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm to Stephens in an amount Stephens cannot ascertain, leaving Stephens with no adequate remedy at law.
- 79. Stephens is entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief against further misappropriation by GMI of Stephens' licensable Commercial Property.
- 80. Stephens has been required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for Stephens' attorney fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action.
- 81. Stephens has incurred costs of suit in connection with bringing this action, and GMI is liable to Stephens for those costs of suit.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

UNJUST ENRICHMENT

- 82. Stephens repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 81 above.
 - 83. Stephens owns the Stephens Marks.
 - 84. GMI neither had nor has authority to use the Stephens Marks.
- 85. GMI's use of the Infringing Mark was in furtherance of GMI's own economic gain by directing consumers and the public to GMI's Website.
- 86. GMI has accepted and retained all of the profits and benefits of GMI's unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark.
- 87. As a result of GMI's acts as alleged herein, Stephens has suffered and will continue to suffer damage to Stephens' business, goodwill, reputation, and profits, while GMI profits at Stephens' expense.
- 88. Stephens is entitled to recover an amount by which GMI has been unjustly enriched through GMI's unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Stephens requests that this Court grant Stephens' claims for relief herein as follows:

- 1. Preliminarily and permanently enjoin GMI, and GMI's officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parents, subsidiaries, related companies, partners, and all persons acting for, by, with, through, or under GMI, from:
 - a. Directly or indirectly infringing the Stephens Marks by marketing, offering, selling, disposing of, licensing, leasing, transferring, displaying, advertising, reproducing, exhibiting, exploiting, or causing the marketing, offering, selling, disposing, licensing, leasing, transferring, displaying, advertising, reproducing, exhibiting, exploiting, developing, manufacturing, or linking of any goods or services derived from or bearing the Stephens Marks, or ordering, directing, participating in, or assisting in any such activity; and

	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
2	6
2	7

- b. Using in any manner the Stephens Marks and any term or terms likely to cause confusion therewith, including, without limitation, the Infringing Mark (BEST OF LAS VEGAS) and any variant thereof, on GMI's Website, or in connection with the retrieval of data or information on GMI's other goods or services, or in connection with the advertising or promotion of GMI's goods, services, or websites, or ordering, directing, participating in, or assisting in any such use;
- 2. Direct GMI to produce an accounting of GMI's profits derived through any of the acts alleged herein;
- 3. Award Stephens GMI's profits derived from the use of the Infringing Mark and three times Stephens' damages suffered by reason of GMI's willful and wrongful acts, and/or, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1117, award Stephens statutory damages of no less than \$1,000.00 as a result of GMI's wrongful acts,
- 4. Award Stephens costs, disbursements, and attorneys' fees incurred in bringing this action;
- 5. Award Stephens pre- and post-judgment interest in accordance with applicable law; and
- 6. Grant Stephens such other relief as this Court deems appropriate.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Stephens requests a trial by jury pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 38.

Dated this 21st day of December, 2009.

GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS LLP

28

By: /s/J.D. Lowry Steven A. Gibson Nevada Bar No. 6656 Jodi Donetta Lowry Nevada Bar No. 7798 7201 West Lake Mead Boulevard, Suite 503 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Attorneys for Stephens Media LLC