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## Education Briaing Sarice

Applied Analysis has been asked by the Las Vegas Chamber of Commerce to examine various aspects of Nevada's system of elementary and secondary education in public schools ("K-12"). Among the relevant issues is student achievement, as measured by various forms of testing required under federal and state laws. Although the vigorous debate over student achievement has been widely publicized in general terms, the labyrinth of reporting requirements and testing instruments is not well understood outside the K-12 education community. The ongoing controversy among educators as to the usefulness and accuracy of various tests in measuring desired skills and abilities is not treated here. Rather, this paper simply provides some recent historical background for today's continuing interest in student proficiency at both state and federal levels, a brief description of several of the tests prominently discussed in Nevada today, and, where available, comparisons among states and among Nevada school districts.

## FINDINGS IN SUMMARY

In Nevada, measurable strides have been made to recognize and remediate areas of weakness in student proficiency, although the pace of improvement remains at issue. Nevada continues to rank well below national averages on standardized student proficiency exams administered to elementary school, middle school, and college-bound high-school students. While these facts are compelling and concerning, relative scores on national exams alone may fall short of providing a complete picture of student achievement and the progress made in Nevada's schools during the past several years.

Nationwide standardized tests include the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) exams given to fourth and eighth-grade students as well as the College Board (SAT) and American College Testing (ACT) exams taken by many college-bound high school students. While these tests allow for state-to-state comparisons, they are not taken by all students in all years and are subject to some sampling bias. Nevada's fourth and eighth graders placed no higher than $43^{\text {rd }}$ in math or reading on any of the most recent NAEP exams. Only 26 percent of high school seniors and 11 percent of high school juniors sat for the SAT; placing $35^{\text {th }}$ nationally in critical reading, $39^{\text {th }}$ in math, and $40^{\text {th }}$ in writing. A slightly higher percent of high school students fared better on the ACT, ranking $28^{\text {th }}$ nationally in composite score, $27^{\text {th }}$ in English, $28^{\text {th }}$ in math, $28^{\text {th }}$ in reading, and $31^{\text {st }}$ in science.

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## Student Testing Nationally and in Nevada

Concern regarding the effectiveness of our nation's schools has existed for decades. As the first baby-boomers reached school age in the 1950's, Why Johnny Can't Read, a widely-publicized book written by Rudolph Flesch; strongly criticized the teaching of reading through word recognition rather than through phonics, and pronounced American schools inferior to European schools in this regard. ${ }^{3}$ Since public education was at that time organizationally subordinate to other functions at the federal level, and as no substantial body of case law regarding state responsibility for equity in school funding had yet accumulated, policy regarding instruction of students then rested predominantly in the hands of local school officials.

In 1979, Congress established the United States Department of Education as a cabinet-level agency; and, in 1983, the National Commission on Excellence in Education released "A Nation at Risk: The Imperative for Education Reform", which characterized our schools as offering a "smorgasbord" curriculum with too little time invested in mathematics and science, short school days, "written-down" textbooks, and undercompensated teachers drawn from the lower echelons of graduating classes, among other maladies. ${ }^{4}$ Political appetite for proficiency testing increased nationwide, with Nevada being no exception.

Four years prior to release of that study, Nevada had enacted a significant centralization of its school funding plan, substantially reducing local control of fiscal matters. ${ }^{5}$ While the Nevada State Legislature had long been constitutionally responsible to "provide" for a public school system, state involvement in instructional matters had generally been limited to that of the Nevada Department of Education in concert with local school boards. ${ }^{6}$ Taken together, these events in the late 1970's and early 1980's resulted in more direct involvement by the Nevada State Legislature in K-12 instructional and financial matters, notwithstanding the fact that local school boards are ostensibly elected to govern their respective districts. Every legislative session since 1983, has included substantial deliberation regarding the content, timing, security, and financing of student proficiency testing;

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comparisons among states. However, such comparisons may not be entirely conclusive as most students do not take the NAEP, SAT, or SAT tests.

## NEVADA'S PERFORMANCE TRENDS

Progress Relative to Nevada's AYP Objectives
While media attention has typically focused on identifying schools as "achieving" or "failing" in a particular year, the longer-term notion that all students must achieve proficiency by school year 2013-2014 raises the question of where is Nevada on the continuum toward this ideal vision. Since the Clark County School District comprises nearly three-fourths of state-wide enrollment, its annual targets and progress are highly relevant in answering this question. Appendix 1 compares, for each school year from 2002-2003 forward, the proficiency target and the percentage of Clark County students demonstrating proficiency for all students tested, for each ethnic group, and for IEP, LEP, and FRL students. It is noteworthy that, if all students tested were combined as a single subgroup, the district as a whole would be meeting its annual percentage targets. However, since a number of student subgroups are not, many Clark County schools and the district as a whole are reported as failing to achieve AYP.

It has been anecdotally asserted that publicly declaring an entire school as "failing" based on lack of progress by any one subgroup of 25 or more students, including those with learning challenges, unfairly penalizes large or diverse school systems; and, statistically, such assertions are well founded. However, under No Child Left Behind, such declaration of school "failure" is the unavoidable manifestation, reasonable or not, of the expectation that every student in the United States will be proficient within the next five years. Accordingly, organizations and individuals basing decisions in part on school performance should be cautioned against hasty categorization of schools and districts without careful analysis of data for each school and the subgroups of students for which separate reporting is required.

As the school year 2013-2014 approaches, the gaps between the proficiency actually achieved and 100 percent are certain to be closely observed, and a scenario of 100 percent proficiency is difficult to imagine. Again, if all Clark County students tested were combined in a single subgroup, the District would be reported as achieving proficiency targets. However, several subgroups are not meeting these targets. This fact considered, it is noteworthy that closing the gaps between current proficiency and 100 percent proficiency by 2013-2014 will require considerable acceleration in the pace of improvement as indicated in Appendix 1.

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increase in the percentage of students demonstrating proficiency since inception of the program, coupled with the requirement for 100 percent proficiency by 20132014 can significantly reduce the number of non-proficient students at all levels. Second, for example, even if a district is struggling to meet proficiency targets in the lower grades; but is meeting the high school targets, the proof of that district's success might lay in a higher likelihood of high school graduation irrespective of possible issues in the lower grades. Also, hypothetically, even if a district faces challenges within the current cohort of high school students, that district could be in process of measurable improvement for the future if their elementary and middle school students score well and maintain that pattern through high school. While not justifying any particular definition of Adequate Yearly Progress, such points are simply intended to recognize that assessing improvement in educational outcomes over time is a highly complex issue.

## Performance on Standardized National Examinations

Comparisons of student achievement among states based on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) and college entrance examinations (i.e., ACT and SAT) have been published for many years. Although NAEP results are commonly cited as a benchmark for elementary and middle school performance; as are SAT and ACT results for high school, comparisons based on these tests may be somewhat flawed as all students do not take them. Ideally, administering these tests to all students nationally every year would provide the most comprehensive comparisons. That said, there is no test currently administered to all students nationally at any grade level.

NAEP does not administer tests every year and those tests are given only to a sampling of students drawn by NAEP, only in selected schools (140 of 608 Nevada public schools), only in grades 4 and 8 , and not based on the Nevada curriculum. ${ }^{12}$ The fit of the sampling to the makeup of the total student population is critical to the accuracy of any conclusion, and sampling techniques may be subject to debate. Also, anecdotally, because NAEP does not test all students in any grade; and as there is no consequence attached to the test scores in Nevada; preparation of students for NAEP testing may have received less emphasis in the classroom than for other tests (e.g., the criterion-referenced tests tied to NCLB and its associated Adequate Yearly Progress requirements). Respecting that any conclusions based on NAEP data should be strongly qualified; Appendix 3 shows that Nevada fourth and eighth graders in the sample tested in 2009 scored visibly lower than the national

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accuracy and statistical soundness of the testing processes conducted by school jurisdictions and national testing organizations, but is also highly subject to the alignment between the knowledge and skills as taught and the knowledge and skills tested. The ongoing controversy among educators as to the usefulness and accuracy of various tests in measuring desired skills and abilities is a significant consideration not treated here.

NCLB requirements cited in this briefing represent a composite of mandates directly imposed by PL 107-110, and Nevada's own NCLB-related laws and regulations intended to enable the state's compliance with NCLB. It is noted that, in addition to testing in English/ language Arts and in mathematics, Public Law 107-110 also requires testing in science beginning in 2005-2006. However, while Nevada is now testing in science, the standards for these tests are pending approval. Since the Nevada Department of Education Report Card does not yet include science testing in determining AYP, science test results are not treated in this report.

As with any analysis, there are limitations that must be considered when drawing conclusions from the data utilized, including without limitation the fact that information contained in this report is subject to change due to timing of reporting and future events.

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## Appendix 1A - No Child Left Behind

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards
By Year and by Subject for Clark County School District
District as a Whole and Defined Student Subgroups
Elementary Schools

| Target Percentage of Students | 30.00\% | 27.50\% | 39.60\% | 39.60\% | 39.60\% | 51.70\% | 51.70\% | 63.80\% | 63.80\% | 75.90\% | 88.00\% | 100.00\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English/Language Arts Elementary | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| District Actual - All Students Tested | 45.54\% | 42.01\% | 41.41\% | 45.46\% | 56.48\% | 54.36\% | 57.19\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 43.20\% | 37.35\% | 36.49\% | 40.49\% | 55.31\% | 49.59\% | 51.47\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 59.79\% | 54.56\% | 56.43\% | 60.02\% | 70.22\% | 68.62\% | 69.97\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic/Latino | 29.33\% | 27.22\% | 27.77\% | 33.61\% | 44.94\% | 43.84\% | 47.39\% |  | Progress To Be Determined |  |  |  |
| Black/African American | 31.20\% | 30.14\% | 29.79\% | 33.05\% | 45.12\% | 42.89\% | 44.56\% |  | By Testing in Future Years |  |  |  |
| White/Caucasian | 60.87\% | 55.92\% | 55.11\% | 58.76\% | 69.68\% | 67.54\% | 70.72\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEP | 10.11\% | 18.01\% | 20.06\% | 20.94\% | 29.11\% | 29.83\% | 29.79\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEP | 18.28\% | 22.16\% | 19.25\% | 27.27\% | 37.13\% | 36.45\% | 41.82\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| FRL | 29.69\% | 27.33\% | 27.60\% | 31.92\% | 43.17\% | 42.49\% | 45.82\% |  |  |  |  |  |



Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.

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## Appendix 1B - No Child Left Behind

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards
By Year and by Subject for Clark County School District
District as a Whole and Defined Student Subgroups
Middle Schools

| Target Percentage of Students | $37.00 \%$ | $37.00 \%$ | $\mathbf{4 7 . 5 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 . 5 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 . 6 0 \%}$ | $51.70 \%$ | $\mathbf{5 1 . 7 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 . 8 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 . 8 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 . 9 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English/Language Arts- <br> Middle School | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Target Percentage of Students | 32.00\% | 32.00\% | 43.30\% | 43.30\% | 43.30\% | 54.60\% | 54.60\% | 65.90\% | 65.90\% | 77.20\% | 88.50\% | 100.00\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math - Middle School | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| District Actual - All Students Tested | 37.44\% | 46.31\% | 45.30\% | 49.27\% | 57.19\% | 56.96\% | 60.98\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 29.59\% | 41.14\% | 44.00\% | 45.40\% | 49.46\% | 52.16\% | 59.08\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 56.58\% | 61.57\% | 63.18\% | 69.58\% | 76.60\% | 75.93\% | 78.39\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic/Latino | 22.85\% | 30.52\% | 32.30\% | 36.44\% | 44.13\% | 46.05\% | 50.98\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black/African American | 20.59\% | 28.78\% | 27.67\% | 32.81\% | 40.73\% | 40.22\% | 43.83\% |  | Progress To Be Determined |  |  |  |
| White/Caucasian | 49.91\% | 60.44\% | 58.45\% | 63.27\% | 71.20\% | 70.61\% | 74.03\% |  | By Testing in Future Years |  |  |  |
| IEP | 3.59\% | 11.08\% | 14.58\% | 14.90\% | 19.48\% | 28.47\% | 26.74\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEP | 7.00\% | 27.48\% | 15.85\% | 34.09\% | 40.63\% | 43.27\% | 48.21\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| FRL | 22.47\% | 30.63\% | 30.79\% | 35.19\% | 43.11\% | 44.81\% | 50.33\% |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.

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## Appendix 1C - No Child Left Behind

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards
By Year and by Subject for Clark County School District
District as a Whole and Defined Student Subgroups
High Schools

| Target Percentage of Students | $\mathbf{7 3 . 5 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 . 5 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 9 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 9 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 9 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 . 3 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 . 3 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 6 . 7 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 6 . 7 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 1 . 1 0 \%}$ | $95.50 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English/Language Arts- <br> High School | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.


Appendix 2A - No Child Left Behind School Year 2008-2009

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards By Year and Subject for Each Nevada School District - All Students Tested Elementary Schools

| Target Percentage of Students | 51.70\% | 63.80\% | 63.80\% | 75.90\% | 88.00\% | 100.00\% | AYP Status By Subject for District as a Whole and for Grade Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English/Language Arts - Elementary | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |  |
| Carson City | 63.85\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Churchill | 66.05\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Clark | 57.19\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Douglas | 75.28\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts Yes |
| Elko | 61.13\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Esmeralda | - |  |  |  |  |  | Report Not Available |
| Eureka | 76.56\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts Yes |
| Humboldt | 63.13\% |  | Progress | o Be Dete | mined |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts Yes |
| Lander | 74.53\% |  | By Testin | in Future | ears |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Lincoln | 65.01\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Lyon | 65.18\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts Yes |
| Mineral | 55.13\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Nye | 56.79\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Pershing | 53.42\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| Storey | 58.71\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts Yes |
| Washoe | 61.42\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary English/Language Arts No |
| White Pine | 45.39\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary English/Language Arts No |


| Target Percentage of Students | 54.60\% | 65.90\% | 65.90\% | 77.20\% | 88.50\% | 100.00\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math - Elementary | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | AYP Status By Subject for District as a Whole and for Grade Level |
| Carson City | 66.92\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Churchill | 68.23\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Clark | 62.99\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary Math No |
| Douglas | 72.54\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math Yes |
| Elko | 60.19\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary Math No |
| Esmeralda | - |  |  |  |  |  | Report Not Available |
| Eureka | 84.38\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math Yes |
| Humboldt | 69.00\% |  | Progres | 0 Be Deter |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Lander | 73.56\% |  | By Test | in Future |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Lincoln | 67.33\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math Yes |
| Lyon | 65.53\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary Math No |
| Mineral | 51.36\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Nye | 57.36\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Pershing | 58.17\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |
| Storey | 72.73\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math Yes |
| Washoe | 65.93\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Elementary Math No |
| White Pine | 44.15\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Elementary Math No |

Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.


Appendix 2B - No Child Left Behind School Year 2008-2009

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards By Year and Subject for Each Nevada School District - All Students Tested Middle Schools


| Target Percentage of Students | 54.60\% | 65.90\% | 65.90\% | 77.20\% | 88.50\% | 100.00\% | AYP Status By Subject for District as a Whole and for Grade Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math - Middle School | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |  |
| Carson City | 63.29\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math No |
| Churchill | 61.54\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math No |
| Clark | 60.98\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Middle School Math No |
| Douglas | 77.35\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Elko | 62.72\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Middle School Math No |
| Esmeralda | - |  |  |  |  |  | Report Not Available |
| Eureka | 70.97\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Humboldt | 58.62\% |  | Progres | 0 Be Det |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math No |
| Lander | 57.96\% |  | By Tes | in Futur |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Lincoln | 68.94\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Lyon | 63.41\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Middle School Math No |
| Mineral | N/A |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Nye | 65.01\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Pershing | 57.68\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Storey | 68.69\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |
| Washoe | 65.86\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - Middle School Math No |
| White Pine | 56.05\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - Middle School Math Yes |

Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.


Appendix 2C - No Child Left Behind School Year 2008-2009

Target and Actual Percentages of Students Meeting or Exceeding Standards By Year and Subject for Each Nevada School District - All Students Tested High Schools


| Target Percentage of Students | 61.80\% | 71.30\% | 71.30\% | 80.80\% | 90.30\% | 100.00\% | AYP Status By Subject for District as a Whole and for Grade Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math - High School | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |  |
| Carson City | 80.49\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Churchill | 82.58\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Clark | 69.64\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - High School Math No |
| Douglas | 80.28\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math No |
| Elko | 72.97\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - High School Math No |
| Esmeralda | - |  |  |  |  |  | Report Not Available |
| Eureka | 84.62\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Humboldt | 69.50\% |  | Progres | Be Dete |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Lander | 69.70\% |  | By Test | in Future |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Lincoln | 63.86\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math No |
| Lyon | 71.29\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - High School Math No |
| Mineral | 51.61\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Nye | 64.40\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math No |
| Pershing | 78.95\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Storey | 75.68\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |
| Washoe | 75.47\% |  |  |  |  |  | District No - High School Math No |
| White Pine | 70.71\% |  |  |  |  |  | District Yes - High School Math Yes |

Source: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement.

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Appendix 3 - National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)

## Average Math and Reading Scale Scores 2009

## Grade 4, By State

| State | Math Scores | Math Rank | State | Reading Scores | Reading Rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 239.09 |  | United States | 219.60 |  |
| Massachusetts | 252.25 | 1 | Massachusetts | 233.75 | 1 |
| New Hampshire | 251.07 | 2 | New Jersey | 229.39 | 2 |
| Minnesota | 249.46 | 3 | New Hampshire | 229.14 | 3 |
| Vermont | 247.77 | 4 | Connecticut | 228.97 | 4 |
| New Jersey | 246.53 | 5 | Vermont | 228.74 | 5 |
| Kansas | 245.31 | 6 | DoDEA | 228.32 | 6 |
| North Dakota | 245.19 | 7 | Virginia | 226.53 | 7 |
| Connecticut | 244.72 | 8 | Maryland | 226.05 | 8 |
| Maine | 24.46 | 9 | North Dakota | 225.97 | 9 |
| Montana | 244.40 | 10 | Colorado | 225.70 | 10 |
| Maryland | 243.80 | 11 | Florida | 225.67 | 11 |
| North Carolina | 243.78 | 12 | Kentucky | 225.61 | 12 |
| Ohio | 243.69 | 13 | Delaware | 225.51 | 13 |
| Pennsylvania | 243.59 | 14 | Montana | 224.65 | 14 |
| Wisconsin | 243.59 | 15 | Ohio | 224.53 | 15 |
| Colorado | 243.13 | 16 | New York | 224.37 | 16 |
| Virginia | 243.07 | 17 | Kansas | 223.92 | 17 |
| Indiana | 242.62 | 18 | Missouri | 223.84 | 18 |
| lowa | 242.60 | 19 | Maine | 223.79 | 19 |
| Washington | 242.26 | 20 | Pennsylvania | 223.68 | 20 |
| South Dakota | 242.10 | 21 | Minnesota | 223.34 | 21 |
| Wyoming | 242.01 | 22 | Rhode Island | 222.70 | 22 |
| Florida | 241.94 | 23 | Indiana | 222.66 | 23 |
| Idaho | 241.04 | 24 | Wyoming | 222.65 | 24 |
| Missouri | 240.68 | 25 | Nebraska | 222.52 | 25 |
| New York | 240.64 | 26 | South Dakota | 222.17 | 26 |
| Texas | 240.46 | 27 | lowa | 221.42 | 27 |
| Utah | 240.32 | 28 | Washington | 221.33 | 28 |
| DoDEA | 240.29 | 29 | Idaho | 221.02 | 29 |
| Delaware | 239.49 | 30 | Wisconsin | 220.14 | 30 |
| Kentucky | 238.84 | 31 | North Carolina | 219.30 | 31 |
| Rhode Island | 238.77 | 32 | Utah | 219.20 | 32 |
| Nebraska | 238.75 | 33 | Illinois | 219.17 | 33 |
| Illinois | 238.29 | 34 | Texas | 218.86 | 34 |
| Oregon | 238.03 | 35 | Michigan | 218.24 | 35 |
| Arkansas | 237.54 | 36 | Oregon | 218.14 | 36 |
| Alaska | 237.21 | 37 | Georgia | 217.85 | 37 |
| Oklahoma | 236.78 | 38 | Oklahoma | 217.19 | 38 |
| Michigan | 236.28 | 39 | Tennessee | 216.74 | 39 |
| Georgia | 236.03 | 40 | Alabama | 216.27 | 40 |
| Hawaii | 235.68 | 41 | Arkansas | 216.15 | 41 |
| South Carolina | 235.67 | 42 | South Carolina | 215.94 | 42 |
| Nevada | 235.15 | 43 | West Virginia | 214.52 | 43 |
| West Virginia | 232.98 | 44 | Nevada | 211.14 | 44 |
| Tennessee | 231.83 | 45 | Alaska | 211.13 | 45 |
| Californa | 231.67 | 46 | Hawaii | 210.62 | 46 |
| New Mexico | 230.03 | 47 | Mississippi | 210.51 | 47 |
| Arizona | 229.99 | 48 | Arizona | 209.99 | 48 |
| Louisiana | 229.43 | 49 | Californa | 209.76 | 49 |
| Alabama | 227.96 | 50 | New Mexico | 207.65 | 50 |
| Mississippi | 227.26 | 51 | Louisiana | 207.49 | 51 |
| District of Columbia | 219.26 | 52 | District of Columbia | 201.98 | 52 |

${ }^{1}$ Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2009 Mathematics Assessment. Includes District of Columbia and Department of Defense Schools.

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Appendix 3 - National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Continued

## Average Math and Reading Scale Scores 2009

## Grade 8, By State ${ }^{1}$

| State | Math Scores | Math Rank | State | Reading Scores | Reading Rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 281.67 |  | United States | 262.29 |  |
| Massachusetts | 298.85 | 1 | Massachusetts | 273.59 | 1 |
| Minnesota | 294.44 | 2 | New Jersey | 272.80 | 2 |
| Vermont | 292.87 | 3 | DoDEA | 272.46 | 3 |
| North Dakota | 292.84 | 4 | Vermont | 272.31 |  |
| New Jersey | 292.66 | 5 | Connecticut | 271.81 | 5 |
| New Hampshire | 292.32 | 6 | New Hampshire | 270.75 | 6 |
| Montana | 291.54 | 7 | Pennsylvania | 270.70 | 7 |
| South Dakota | 290.62 | 8 | Montana | 270.39 | 8 |
| Washington | 288.72 | 9 | South Dakota | 270.06 | 9 |
| Connecticut | 288.61 | 10 | Minnesota | 269.74 | 10 |
| Kansas | 288.60 | 11 | North Dakota | 269.24 | 11 |
| Maryland | 288.34 | 12 | Ohio | 268.68 | 12 |
| Pennsylvania | 288.30 | 13 | Wyoming | 268.16 | 13 |
| Wisconsin | 288.14 | 14 | Maine | 267.71 | 14 |
| Colorado | 287.37 | 15 | Maryland | 267.30 | 15 |
| Idaho | 287.31 | 16 | Nebraska | 267.07 | 16 |
| DoDEA | 287.15 | 17 | Washington | 266.92 | 17 |
| Indiana | 286.81 | 18 | Missouri | 266.88 | 18 |
| Texas | 286.69 | 19 | Kentucky | 266.85 | 19 |
| Maine | 286.36 | 20 | Kansas | 266.80 | 20 |
| Wyoming | 286.10 | 21 | Wisconsin | 265.81 | 21 |
| Virginia | 286.07 | 22 | Indiana | 265.69 | 22 |
| Missouri | 285.81 | 23 | Virginia | 265.64 | 23 |
| Ohio | 285.58 | 24 | Utah | 265.59 | 24 |
| Oregon | 285.04 | 25 | Colorado | 265.51 | 25 |
| North Carolina | 284.33 | 26 | Oregon | 265.09 | 26 |
| Nebraska | 284.26 | 27 | Delaware | 265.00 | 27 |
| lowa | 284.17 | 28 | lowa | 264.89 | 28 |
| Utah | 284.07 | 29 | Idaho | 264.84 | 29 |
| Delaware | 283.83 | 30 | Illinois | 264.51 | 30 |
| Alaska | 283.05 | 31 | Florida | 264.36 | 31 |
| New York | 282.58 | 32 | New York | 264.29 | 32 |
| Illinois | 282.43 | 33 | Michigan | 261.90 | 33 |
| South Carolina | 280.38 | 34 | Tennessee | 260.95 | 34 |
| Florida | 279.34 | 35 | Texas | 260.37 | 35 |
| Kentucky | 279.28 | 36 | Georgia | 260.24 | 36 |
| Michigan | 278.27 | 37 | Rhode Island | 259.89 | 37 |
| Rhode Island | 277.92 | 38 | North Carolina | 259.53 | 38 |
| Georgia | 277.56 | 39 | Oklahoma | 259.50 | 39 |
| Arizona | 277.33 | 40 | Alaska | 259.45 | 40 |
| Arkansas | 276.00 | 41 | Arkansas | 258.05 | 41 |
| Oklahoma | 275.71 | 42 | Arizona | 257.60 | 42 |
| Tennessee | 274.76 | 43 | South Carolina | 257.27 | 43 |
| Nevada | 274.15 | 44 | Alabama | 254.90 | 44 |
| Hawaii | 273.76 | 45 | West Virginia | 254.80 | 45 |
| Louisiana | 272.38 | 46 | Hawaii | 254.74 | 46 |
| California | 270.45 | 47 | New Mexico | 254.13 | 47 |
| West Virginia | 270.42 | 48 | Nevada | 253.84 | 48 |
| New Mexico | 269.70 | 49 | Louisiana | 253.33 | 49 |
| Alabama | 268.52 | 50 | California | 252.63 | 50 |
| Mississippi | 265.00 | 51 | Mississippi | 251.31 | 51 |
| District of Columbia | 253.60 | 52 | District of Columbia | 242.49 | 52 |

${ }^{1}$ Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2009 Mathematics Assessment. Includes District of Columbia and Department of Defense Schools.


Appendix 4 - Assessment of SAT Scores by College Bound High School Seniors

Mean SAT Score for High School Graduates in 2009 by State ${ }^{1}$

| State | Test Takers | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Critical } \\ \text { Reading } \\ \text { Score } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Critical } \\ \text { Reading } \\ \text { Rank } \end{array}$ | Math <br> Score | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Math } \\ & \text { Rank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Writing } \\ & \text { Score } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Writing } \\ \text { Rank } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Score } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Rank } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1,443,974 | 501 |  | 515 |  | 493 |  | 1,509 |  |
| Alabama | 3,473 | 557 | 20 | 552 | 20 | 549 | 19 | 1,658 | 19 |
| Alaska | 3,589 | 520 | 28 | 516 | 31 | 492 | 38 | 1,528 | 32 |
| Arizona | 21,007 | 516 | 30 | 521 | 29 | 497 | 34 | 1,534 | 30 |
| Arkansas | 1,460 | 572 | 13 | 572 | 13 | 556 | 15 | 1,700 | 14 |
| California | 207,301 | 500 | 36 | 513 | 32 | 498 | 32 | 1,511 | 34 |
| Colorado | 9,986 | 568 | 15 | 575 | 11 | 555 | 16 | 1,698 | 15 |
| Connecticut | 35,799 | 509 | 34 | 513 | 32 | 512 | 25 | 1,534 | 30 |
| Delaware | 6,707 | 495 | 42 | 498 | 45 | 484 | 39 | 1,477 | 42 |
| District of Columbia | 4,029 | 466 | 51 | 451 | 51 | 461 | 50 | 1,378 | 51 |
| Florida | 100,179 | 497 | 39 | 498 | 45 | 480 | 41 | 1,475 | 44 |
| Georgia | 63,440 | 490 | 45 | 491 | 49 | 479 | 44 | 1,460 | 47 |
| Hawaii | 8,313 | 479 | 49 | 502 | 40 | 469 | 49 | 1,450 | 49 |
| Idaho | 3,165 | 541 | 22 | 540 | 24 | 520 | 23 | 1,601 | 24 |
| Illinois | 8,857 | 588 | 7 | 604 | , | 583 | 3 | 1,775 | 5 |
| Indiana | 44,511 | 496 | 40 | 507 | 37 | 480 | 41 | 1,483 | 41 |
| lowa | 1,105 | 610 | 1 | 615 | 1 | 588 | 1 | 1,813 | , |
| Kansas | 2,067 | 581 | 10 | 589 | 10 | 564 | 11 | 1,734 | 10 |
| Kentucky | 3,115 | 573 | 12 | 573 | 12 | 561 | 12 | 1,707 | 11 |
| Louisiana | 2,556 | 563 | 18 | 558 | 17 | 555 | 16 | 1,676 | 18 |
| Maine | 14,954 | 468 | 50 | 467 | 50 | 455 | 51 | 1,390 | 50 |
| Maryland | 46,562 | 500 | 36 | 502 | 40 | 495 | 36 | 1,497 | 37 |
| Massachusetts | 60,591 | 514 | 31 | 526 | 26 | 510 | 26 | 1,550 | 27 |
| Michigan | 6,055 | 584 | 9 | 603 | 5 | 575 | 6 | 1,762 | 6 |
| Minnesota | 4,685 | 595 | 2 | 609 | 2 | 578 | 5 | 1,782 | 3 |
| Mississippi | 996 | 567 | 16 | 554 | 19 | 559 | 13 | 1,680 | 17 |
| Missouri | 3,153 | 595 | 2 | 600 | 6 | 584 | 2 | 1,779 | 4 |
| Montana | 2,456 | 541 | 22 | 542 | 23 | 519 | 24 | 1,602 | 23 |
| Nebraska | 1,002 | 587 | 8 | 594 | 8 | 572 | 7 | 1,753 | 8 |
| Nevada | 8,919 | 501 | 35 | 505 | 39 | 479 | 44 | 1,485 | 40 |
| New Hampshire | 12,351 | 523 | 26 | 523 | 28 | 510 | 26 | 1,556 | 26 |
| New Jersey | 84,417 | 496 | 40 | 513 | 32 | 496 | 35 | 1,505 | 36 |
| New Mexico | 2,209 | 553 | 21 | 546 | 21 | 534 | 21 | 1,633 | 21 |
| New York | 159,886 | 485 | 48 | 502 | 40 | 478 | 46 | 1,465 | 46 |
| North Carolina | 57,147 | 495 | 42 | 511 | 36 | 480 | 41 | 1,486 | 39 |
| North Dakota | 238 | 590 | 5 | 593 | 9 | 566 | 9 | 1,749 | 9 |
| Ohio | 30,706 | 537 | 24 | 546 | 21 | 523 | 22 | 1,606 | 22 |
| Oklahoma | 2,002 | 575 | 11 | 571 | 14 | 557 | 14 | 1,703 | 12 |
| Oregon | 18,016 | 523 | 26 | 525 | 27 | 499 | 30 | 1,547 | 28 |
| Pennsylvania | 105,066 | 493 | 44 | 501 | 43 | 483 | 40 | 1,477 | 42 |
| Rhode Island | 8,293 | 498 | 38 | 496 | 47 | 494 | 37 | 1,488 | 38 |
| South Carolina | 25,217 | 486 | 46 | 496 | 47 | 470 | 48 | 1,452 | 48 |
| South Dakota | 283 | 589 | , | 600 | , | 569 | 8 | 1,758 | 7 |
| Tennessee | 5,911 | 571 | 14 | 565 | 16 | 565 | 10 | 1,701 | 13 |
| Texas | 141,733 | 486 | 46 | 506 | 38 | 475 | 47 | 1,467 | 45 |
| Utah | 2,023 | 559 | 19 | 558 | 17 | 540 | 20 | 1,657 | 20 |
| Vermont | 5,306 | 518 | 29 | 518 | 30 | 506 | 29 | 1,542 | 29 |
| Virginia | 59,612 | 511 | 32 | 512 | 35 | 498 | 32 | 1,521 | 33 |
| Washington | 36,687 | 524 | 25 | 531 | 25 | 507 | 28 | 1,562 | 25 |
| West Virginia | 3,373 | 511 | 32 | 501 | 43 | 499 | 30 | 1,511 | 34 |
| Wisconsin | 3,192 | 594 | 4 | 608 | 3 | 582 | 4 | 1,784 | 2 |
| Wyoming | 274 | 567 | 16 | 568 | 15 | 550 | 18 | 1,685 | 16 |

${ }^{1}$ Source: The College Board, 2009 SAT State Reports, http://professionals.collegeboard.com/data-reports-research/sat/cb-seniors-2009. Note: number of students taking test also includes grades 10 and 11

## Education Briefiny Senits



Appendix 5 - Assessment of ACT Scores by College Bound High School Seniors

Average ACT Scores in 2009 by State ${ }^{1}$

| State | Percent of Graduates Tested | Composite | Rank | English | Rank | Math | Rank | Reading | Rank | Science | Rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 45 | 21.1 |  | 20.6 |  | 21.0 |  | 21.4 |  | 20.9 |  |
| Alabama | 76 | 20.3 | 42 | 20.5 | 35 | 19.5 | 48 | 20.7 | 42 | 20.1 | 43 |
| Alaska | 29 | 21.0 | 33 | 20.1 | 40 | 21.1 | 32 | 21.7 | 32 | 20.7 | 34 |
| Arizona | 15 | 21.9 | 20 | 21.3 | 23 | 22.1 | 16 | 22.4 | 19 | 21.3 | 28 |
| Arkansas | 73 | 20.6 | 39 | 20.6 | 34 | 20.1 | 38 | 21.0 | 37 | 20.2 | 41 |
| California | 19 | 22.2 | 14 | 21.8 | 15 | 22.8 | 9 | 22.4 | 19 | 21.4 | 25 |
| Colorado | 100 | 20.8 | 34 | 20.1 | 40 | 20.5 | 37 | 21.1 | 36 | 20.8 | 33 |
| Connecticut | 21 | 23.5 | 2 | 23.6 | 2 | 23.5 | 2 | 24.0 | 3 | 22.6 | 3 |
| Delaware | 11 | 22.6 | 11 | 22.2 | 10 | 22.5 | 11 | 23.1 | 10 | 22.0 | 12 |
| District of Columbia | 30 | 19.4 | 49 | 19.1 | 46 | 19.5 | 48 | 19.7 | 49 | 18.6 | 51 |
| Florida | 62 | 19.5 | 48 | 18.7 | 50 | 19.7 | 43 | 20.2 | 45 | 19.0 | 49 |
| Georgia | 40 | 20.6 | 39 | 20.1 | 40 | 20.6 | 36 | 20.9 | 39 | 20.3 | 40 |
| Hawaii | 22 | 21.5 | 28 | 20.9 | 27 | 22.1 | 16 | 21.4 | 33 | 21.0 | 31 |
| Idaho | 58 | 21.6 | 25 | 20.9 | 27 | 21.3 | 30 | 22.3 | 23 | 21.4 | 25 |
| 1 llinois | 97 | 20.8 | 34 | 20.5 | 35 | 20.7 | 35 | 20.8 | 41 | 20.7 | 34 |
| Indiana | 24 | 22.2 | 14 | 21.6 | 19 | 22.4 | 13 | 22.6 | 14 | 21.6 | 19 |
| lowa | 59 | 22.4 | 12 | 21.9 | 12 | 21.9 | 20 | 22.9 | 12 | 22.4 | 7 |
| Kansas | 74 | 21.9 | 20 | 21.4 | 21 | 21.7 | 24 | 22.4 | 19 | 21.8 | 15 |
| Kentucky | 100 | 19.4 | 49 | 18.8 | 49 | 19.0 | 50 | 19.8 | 48 | 19.7 | 48 |
| Louisiana | 89 | 20.1 | 43 | 20.3 | 39 | 19.6 | 44 | 20.2 | 45 | 20.0 | 45 |
| Maine | 9 | 23.1 | 4 | 23.0 | 4 | 23.0 | 6 | 23.6 | 5 | 22.3 | 8 |
| Maryland | 17 | 22.1 | 16 | 21.9 | 12 | 22.1 | 16 | 22.5 | 17 | 21.5 | 22 |
| Massachusetts | 18 | 23.9 | 1 | 23.9 | 1 | 24.3 | 1 | 24.3 | 1 | 22.8 | 1 |
| Michigan | 100 | 19.6 | 47 | 18.6 | 51 | 19.6 | 44 | 19.6 | 50 | 20.1 | 43 |
| Minnesota | 68 | 22.7 | 10 | 22.0 | 11 | 22.7 | 10 | 23.1 | 10 | 22.6 | 3 |
| Mississippi | 93 | 18.9 | 51 | 19.1 | 46 | 18.3 | 51 | 19.0 | 51 | 18.7 | 50 |
| Missouri | 67 | 21.6 | 25 | 21.5 | 20 | 20.9 | 34 | 22.1 | 27 | 21.5 | 22 |
| Montana | 54 | 22.0 | 18 | 21.2 | 24 | 21.7 | 24 | 22.7 | 13 | 21.7 | 17 |
| Nebraska | 72 | 21.1 | 32 | 21.9 | 12 | 21.8 | 21 | 22.5 | 17 | 22.0 | 12 |
| Nevada | 30 | 21.5 | 28 | 20.9 | 27 | 21.4 | 28 | 22.0 | 28 | 21.0 | 31 |
| New Hampshire | 15 | 23.5 | 2 | 23.3 | 3 | 23.4 | 4 | 24.1 | 2 | 22.6 | 3 |
| New Jersey | 16 | 23.1 | 4 | 22.9 | 6 | 23.5 | 2 | 23.2 | 9 | 22.1 | 10 |
| New Mexico | 65 | 20.0 | 44 | 19.3 | 44 | 19.6 | 44 | 20.7 | 42 | 20.0 | 45 |
| New York | 25 | 23.1 | 4 | 22.5 | 8 | 23.4 | , | 23.3 | 8 | 22.7 | 2 |
| North Carolina | 15 | 21.6 | 25 | 20.9 | 27 | 22.0 | 19 | 21.9 | 29 | 21.1 | 29 |
| North Dakota | 78 | 21.5 | 28 | 20.7 | 32 | 21.5 | 26 | 21.8 | 31 | 21.6 | 19 |
| Ohio | 64 | 21.7 | 24 | 21.1 | 26 | 21.4 | 28 | 22.2 | 26 | 21.7 | 17 |
| Oklahoma | 71 | 20.7 | 37 | 20.5 | 35 | 19.9 | 40 | 21.4 | 33 | 20.5 | 37 |
| Oregon | 33 | 21.4 | 31 | 20.5 | 35 | 21.5 | 26 | 21.9 | 29 | 21.1 | 29 |
| Pennsylvania | 14 | 22.1 | 16 | 21.7 | 16 | 22.2 | 14 | 22.4 | 19 | 21.5 | 22 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 22.8 | 8 | 23.0 | 4 | 22.5 | 11 | 23.4 | 7 | 21.8 | 15 |
| South Carolina | 50 | 19.8 | 46 | 19.2 | 45 | 20.0 | 39 | 19.9 | 47 | 19.8 | 47 |
| South Dakota | 74 | 22.0 | 18 | 21.2 | 24 | 21.8 | 21 | 22.3 | 23 | 22.0 | 12 |
| Tennessee | 92 | 20.6 | 39 | 20.7 | 32 | 19.8 | 41 | 21.0 | 37 | 20.4 | 39 |
| Texas | 30 | 20.8 | 34 | 19.9 | 43 | 21.3 | 30 | 20.9 | 39 | 20.6 | 36 |
| Utah | 68 | 21.8 | 23 | 21.4 | 21 | 21.1 | 32 | 22.6 | 14 | 21.6 | 19 |
| Vermont | 24 | 23.1 |  | 22.9 | 6 | 22.9 | 7 | 23.7 | 4 | 22.5 | 6 |
| Virginia | 20 | 21.9 | 20 | 21.7 | 16 | 21.8 | 21 | 22.3 | 23 | 21.4 | 25 |
| Washington | 18 | 22.8 | 8 | 22.4 | 9 | 22.9 | 7 | 23.5 | 6 | 22.1 | 10 |
| West Virginia | 62 | 20.7 | 37 | 20.8 | 31 | 19.6 | 44 | 21.4 | 33 | 20.5 | 37 |
| Wisconsin | 67 | 22.3 | 13 | 21.7 | 16 | 22.2 | 14 | 22.6 | 14 | 22.3 | 8 |
| Wyoming | 99 | 20.0 | 44 | 18.9 | 48 | 19.8 | 41 | 20.4 | 44 | 20.2 | 41 |

Source: ACT, 2009 ACT State Reports. http://www.act.org/news/data/09/states.htm
In Spring 2008, all public high school eleventh graders in the states of Colorado, Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, and Wyoming were tested with the ACT as required by each state. Colorado, Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, and Wyoming students who met ACT's 2009 graduating class criteria are included in the 2009 graduating class average score results. Consistent with ACT's reporting policies, graduating class test results are reported only for students tested under standard time conditions.


[^0]:    3 "Education: Why Johnny Can't Read", Time Magazine, March 14, 1955, http:// www.time.com.
    4 "A Nation at Risk", transmittal letter by David Pierpont Gardner, Chairman, April 26, 1983, http://www.ed.gov.
    ${ }^{5}$ Senate Bill 204, 1979 Nevada Legislature.
    ${ }^{6}$ Nevada Constitution, Article 11.

[^1]:    ${ }^{12}$ Sources: Clark County School District Division of Assessment, Accountability, Research, and School Improvement and Office of the Superintendent, Nevada Department of Education. NCLB requires NAEP participation by states in grades 4 and 8 to maintain eligibility for Title 1 funding. Nevada has participated in some long term high school studies only on a limited basis. Also see: Research Bulletin, Nevada Department of Education, February, 2007.

